Say Recovery: Language and Messaging

Missouri Stakeholders Learning Community

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The National Council for Behavioral Health

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The Power of Language

Sticks and stones may break my bones, But words will never hurt me.







The Power of Language



Words are important.

If you want to care for something, you call it a flower.

If you want to kill something, you call it a weed.

Don Coyhis



The Power of Language



For more than two centuries, addicted and recovering people in America have been the object of language created by others.

William White (2001)



Language: Five Considerations

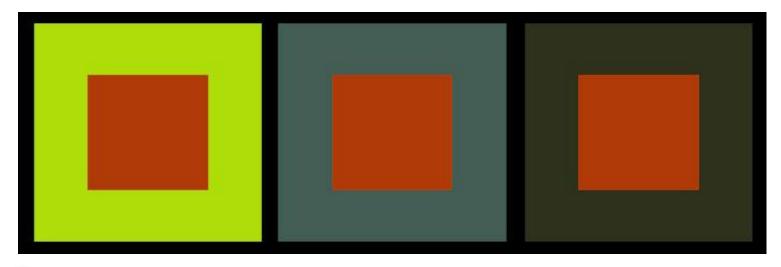
- 1. Context
- 2. Ideology and Codification
- 3. Strategy
- 4. Tone
- 5. Vision





1. Context

- Internal vs. external
- Formal vs. vernacular
- Academic vs. street
- Mutual aid group vs. recovery movement
- Clinical vs. peer environment







2. Ideology and Codification



- Historical
- Cultural
- Political
- Institutional

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MENTAL HEALTH FIRST AID

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Ideology

A system of ideas, ideals, and a manner of thinking, characteristic of a group or social class, especially one that forms the basis of economic or political theory and policy.

3. Strategy



- Reframing
- Renaming
- Reclaiming



4. Tone

- Affirming
- Strength-based
- Non-pathologizing
- Positive
- Transformative
- Inclusive
- Person-first
- Recovery-oriented
- Trauma-informed







5. Visionary



- Evolutionary
- Consciousness raising
- Education and communication
- Movement building

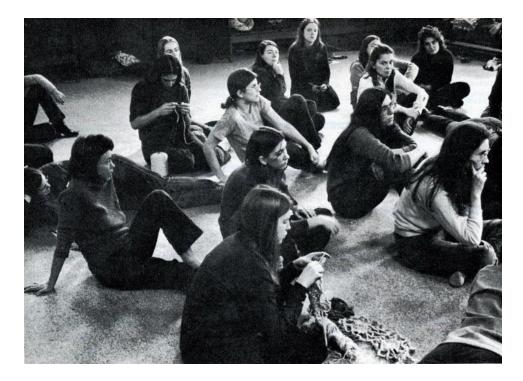
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Paradigm shifting



Consciousness Raising

Developing awareness in a person or group; making connections with moral, social, and/or political issues; and producing changeoriented action.

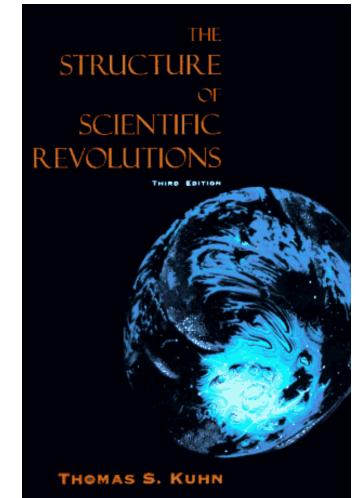


- What is?
- Why is?
- What should?
- How should?

Janet Freedman (2014)



Paradigm Shift



In 1962, Thomas Kuhn wrote The Structure of Scientific Revolutions, and parented, defined, and popularized the concept of "paradigm shift." Kuhn argues that scientific advancement is not evolutionary, but rather is a "series of peaceful interludes punctuated by intellectually violent revolutions", and in those revolutions "one conceptual world view is replaced by another".







A fundamental change in approach or underlying assumptions; a change from one way of thinking to another.

It just does not happen; it is driven by agents of change and is eventually accepted by a majority as a changed belief, attitude, or way of doing things.



Language



Language can be shaped, influenced, and created by:

- Public perception and attitudes
- Informal cohort groups
- Media and technology
- Political systems and interest groups

- Professional guilds
- Academia
- Others





Reforming the language we use to describe things related to addiction is not merely an exercise in semantics or political correctness. *Words can be an effective tool in helping to destroy the stigma encountered by people with addictions.*

In a field that is locked in moral combat with stigma, describing people with addictions as "*abusers*" of alcohol, tobacco, or other drugs helps ensure that the onus of addiction remains solely upon the shoulders of the individual...

Bob Curley "Wrong" Words Used to Define, Defame Addiction and Recovery

(Join Together Online, 2001)



Stigma HELLO I AM what you label me

A mark of disgrace or infamy, a stain, or a reproach, associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person.





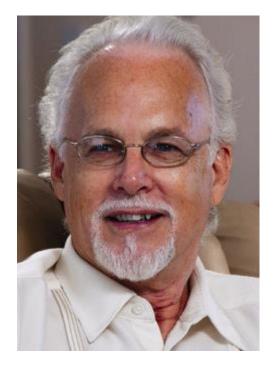


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To refer to people who are addicted as *abusers* misstates the nature of their condition and calls for their social rejection, sequestration, and punishment. There is no other medical condition to which the term *abuse* is applied.

Referring to people by their shared medical diagnosis assumes any important differences have been lost to the homogenizing influence of their disorder. "Disease first" language, as opposed to "people first" language, obliterates individual differences and depersonalizes those to whom the label is applied.





...stigmatized peoples reject labels applied to them by others and replace this language with words of their own choice or creation.

It is about changing the language that affects social policies and is, in turn, affected by those policies.

The [Recovery] Movement can try to rehabilitate the existing language by reframing it or squeezing as much poison out of it as possible, or the New Recovery Advocacy Movement can coin and promulgate a new pro-recovery vocabulary.

William White (2001)



Commonly Used Words

- Substance abuse
- Denial
- Resistance
- Relapse
- Triggers
- Relapse prevention
- Clean/dirty
- Sober
- Self-help
- War on Drugs
- Dually-diagnosed
- Enabler
- Codependent

- Untreated
- Alcoholic
- Addict
- Client
- Consumer
- Non-compliant
- Avoidance
- Triggers
- Felon
- Ex-offender
- High-functioning
- Special populations

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Case manager



SAY THIS

NOT THAT

Person with a substance use disorder Person living in recovery Person living with an addiction Person arrested for drug violation Chooses not to at this point Medication is a treatment tool Had a setback Maintained recovery Positive drug screen

Addict, junkie, druggie Ex-addict Battling/suffering from an addiction **Drug offender** Non-compliant/bombed out Medication is a crutch Relapsed Stayed clean Dirty drug screen





What is Recovery Messaging?





NTAL HEALTH FIRST AID

- Recovery messaging puts the focus on *recovery*.
- Recovery messaging changes the public's perception of what the word recovery means.
 - Recovery messaging allows
 recovery advocacy to be
 effective at changing the
 conversation from the problem
 to the solution.



Tips for Recovery Messaging

- 1. Highlight aspects of your personal story
- 2. Focus on your recovery, not on your addiction
- 3. Keep it simple
- 4. Avoid jargon
- 5. Emphasize many pathways to recovery
- 6. Connect stories to data
- Underscore an advocacy issue or series of issues
- 8. Suggest a solution





Addiction: Science-based Definition

FACING ADDICTION IN AMERICA

The Surgeon General's Report on Alcohol, Drugs, and Health

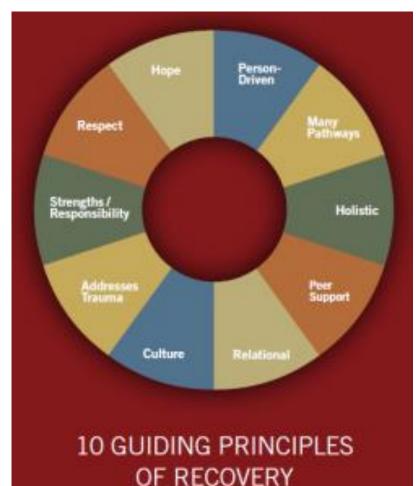
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services

"Well-supported scientific evidence shows that addiction to alcohol or drugs is a chronic brain disease that has potential for recurrence and recovery."



SAMHSA's Working Definition of Recovery



A process of change through which individuals improve their health and wellness, live a selfdirected life, and strive to reach their full potential.

> SAMHSA, 2011



When to Use Recovery Messaging



- Talking to family, friends, neighbors, and coworkers
- Introducing yourself and speaking in public
- Media interviews
- Meeting with public officials, policy makers, and agency leaders

- Written pieces
- Social media



 Recovery Works
 Recovery is Possible
 Recovery is an Expectation!



