

Effective Treatment Strategies and Models for Addressing Stimulant Use Disorders: An Implementation Science Perspective

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Treating Stimulant Use Disorders

- 1. No Evidence-Based Medications!
- 2. Matrix Model is the established go to therapy model.
- 3. Contingency Management has shown recent promise.



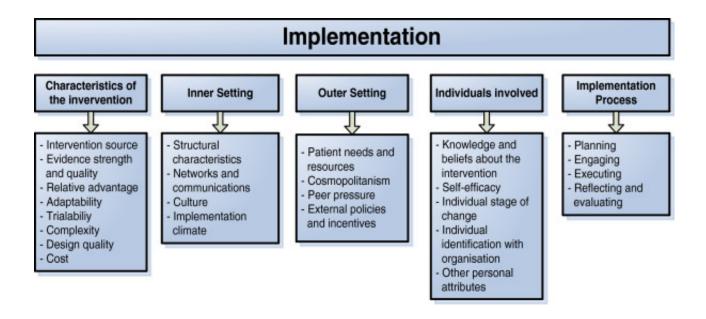
Treating Stimulant Use Disorders Requires:

- 1. No Evidence-Based Medications!
- 2. Matrix Model is the established go to therapy model.
- 3. Contingency Management has shown recent promise.
- 4. BOTH REQUIRE A SERIES OF CLINICAL & ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES

Why Implementation Science?

- 1. We all want to provide better care.
- 2. We have clinical evidence-base practices, "But, what are the administrative evidence-based practices."
- Large gap between evidence-based care and actual care.

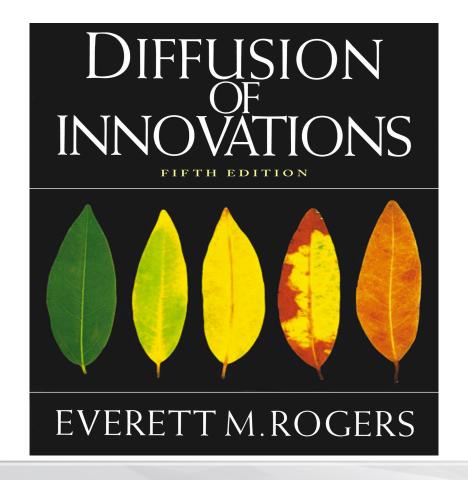
Why the gap?



CFIR Model: Damscroder et al, 2009



Diffusion of Innovations



Characteristics of the Innovation

- Simple, Simple (Avoid Complexity)
- Relative Advantage (Use Data)
- Trialability
 Adaptability
- Observability (Observe & Be Observed...to learn)



Inner Settings

Leadership Roles (Can be served by one or many)

- Executive Mandate
- Benefit of Champion (Cheerleader)
- Use of a Change Agent

Individuals Involved

Knowledge = Training

Skills = Self-efficacy

Find & cultivate champions



Individuals Involved, continued

Who is delivering the message? (An Expert? Or Someone Like Them?)

Approaches to use:

- Academic Detailing
- Motivational Interviewing



Implementation Process: Patient Perspective

One must first learn by doing, for though you think you know it, you have no certainty until you try.

Sophocles

Conduct walk-throughs or patient simulations.



Implementation Process: Change Proce

Use a structured change process (Saldana – Stages of Implementation)

1) Engagement, 2) Consideration of Feasibility, 3) Readiness Planning, 4) Staff Hired and Trained, 5) Fidelity Monitoring in Place, 6) Services and Consultation Begin, 7) On-going Services, Consultation, Fidelity, Feedback), and 8) Competency

Implementation Process

- Learn from others when possible
- Set targets (implementation & performance)
- Collect data on progress
- Use pilot tests.

Summary

- Implementation is a science
- Not always easy, but can be made easier
- Reduce barriers caused by innovation characteristics, individual beliefs and skills, organizational processes, and implementation approaches.